the State, must validate that the individual has MR or is a person with a related condition and must determine whether specialized services for mental retardation are needed. In making this determination, the State mental retardation authority must make a qualitative judgment on the extent to which the person's status reflects, singly and collectively, the characteristics commonly associated with the need for specialized services, including—

- (i) Inability to—
- (A) Take care of the most personal care needs;
 - (B) Understand simple commands;
- (C) Communicate basic needs and wants:
- (D) Be employed at a productive wage level without systematic long term supervision or support;
- (E) Learn new skills without aggressive and consistent training;
- (F) Apply skills learned in a training situation to other environments or settings without aggressive and consistent training;
- (G) Demonstrate behavior appropriate to the time, situation or place without direct supervision; and
- (H) Make decisions requiring informed consent without extreme difficulty;
- (ii) Demonstration of severe maladaptive behavior(s) that place the person or others in jeopardy to health and safety; and
- (iii) Presence of other skill deficits or specialized training needs that necessitate the availability of trained MR personnel, 24 hours per day, to teach the person functional skills.

[57 FR 56506, Nov. 30, 1992; 58 FR 25784, Apr. 28, 1993]

§483.138 Maintenance of services and availability of FFP.

- (a) Maintenance of services. If a NF mails a 30 day notice of its intent to transfer or discharge a resident, under §483.12(a) of this chapter, the agency may not terminate or reduce services until—
- (1) The expiration of the notice period; or
- (2) A subpart E appeal, if one has been filed, has been resolved.

- (b) Availability of FFP. FFP is available for expenditures for services provided to Medicaid recipients during—
- (1) The 30 day notice period specified in §483.12(a) of this chapter; or
- (2) During the period an appeal is in progress.

Subpart D—Requirements That Must Be Met by States and State Agencies: Nurse Aide Training and Competency Evaluation

SOURCE: 56 FR 48919, Sept. 26, 1991, unless otherwise noted.

§ 483.150 Statutory basis; Deemed meeting or waiver of requirements.

- (a) Statutory basis. This subpart is based on sections 1819(b)(5) and 1919(b)(5) of the Act, which establish standards for training nurse-aides and for evaluating their competency.
- (b) Deemed meeting of requirements. A nurse aide is deemed to satisfy the requirement of completing a training and competency evaluation approved by the State if he or she successfully completed a training and competency evaluation program before July 1, 1989 if—
- (1) The aide would have satisfied this requirement if—
- (i) At least 60 hours were substituted for 75 hours in sections 1819(f)(2) and 1919(f)(2) of the Act, and
- (ii) The individual has made up at least the difference in the number of hours in the program he or she completed and 75 hours in supervised practical nurse aide training or in regular in-service nurse aide education;

or

- (2) The individual was found to be competent (whether or not by the State) after the completion of nurse aide training of at least 100 hours duration.
- (c) Waiver of requirements. A State may—
- (Ĭ) Waive the requirement for an individual to complete a competency evaluation program approved by the State for any individual who can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the State that he or she has served as a nurse aide at one or more facilities of the same employer in the state for at